Data products aren't just for data teams!

Building products for multiple user personas with **\(\frac{1}{2} \) Lightdash**



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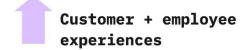
I'm Katie, and I work at Lightdash



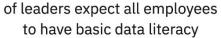
Data literacy is the new computer literacy.







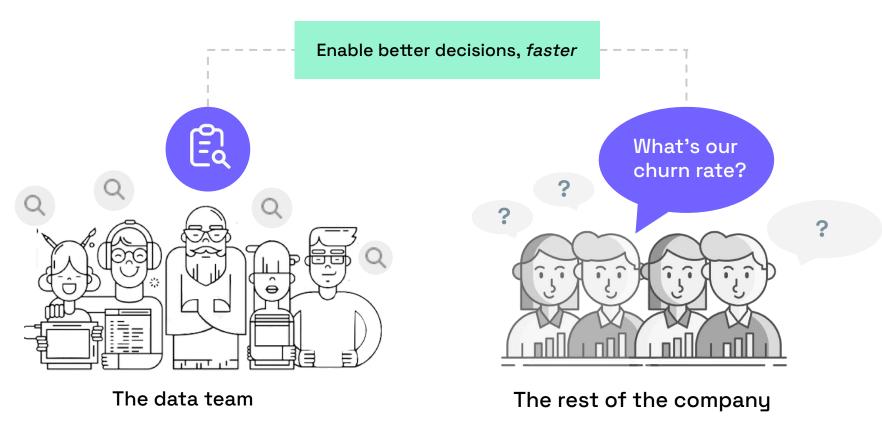






of employees are expected to heavily use data by 2025, up from 40% in 2018

Data isn't just for the data team...



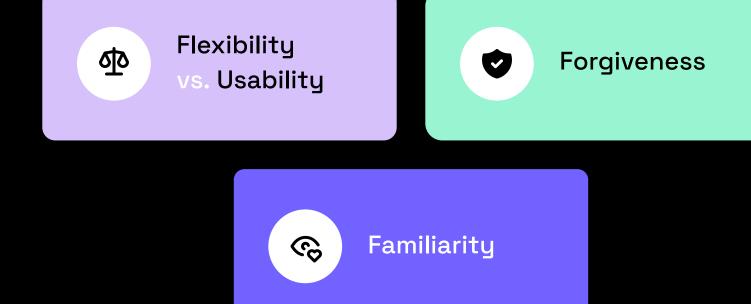
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I think that...

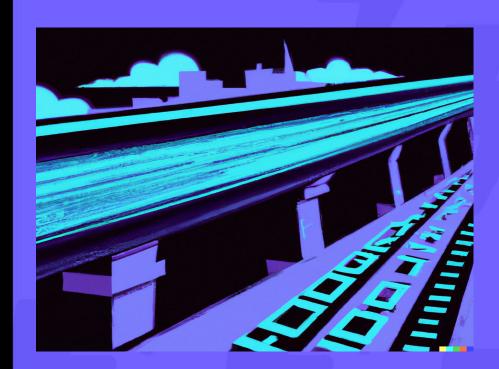
Data products are no longer *just* for data teams.

We need to build data products that can be used by data teams, but also by the rest of the company!

3 design principles to consider when building for <u>2 personas</u>:



We're going to talk about these through the lens of building a BI tool.

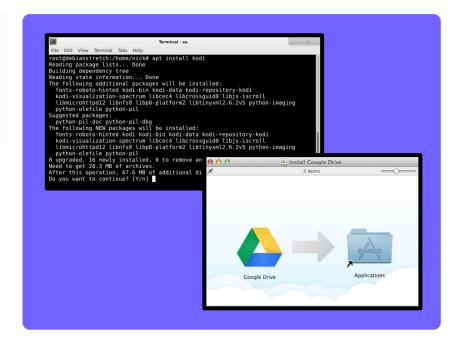


Φ Flexibility vs. usability

Installing software...

Linux machine vs. Mac

Which one was built to be super flexible? Which one was built to be super usable?

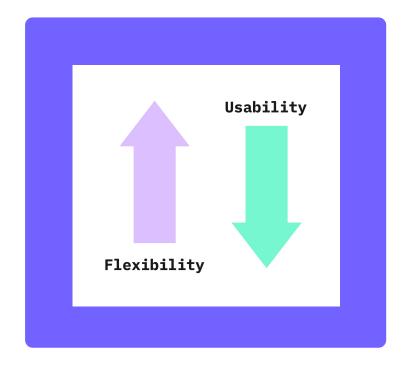


Φ Flexibility vs. usability

When flexibility goes up, usability goes down...

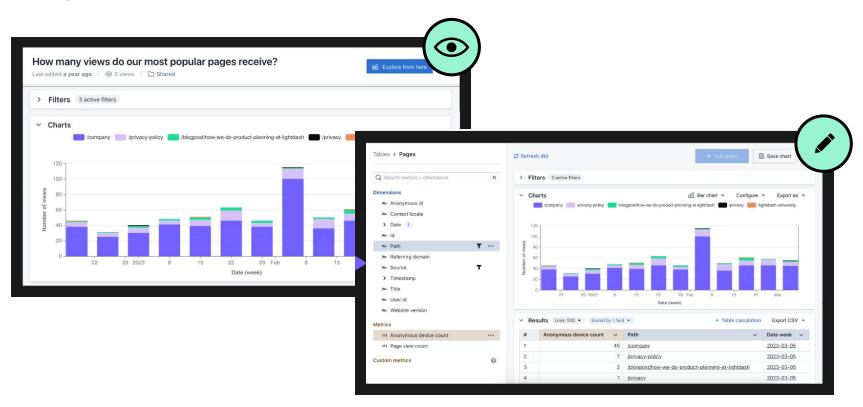
Key question: What are the user's goals?

- Want customization + control over the way they complete tasks? Flexibility
- Want to make the least amount of decisions to accomplish the goal?
 Usability
- Have a mix of both? Create a way for users to see the difference so they can pick the kind of experience they want.

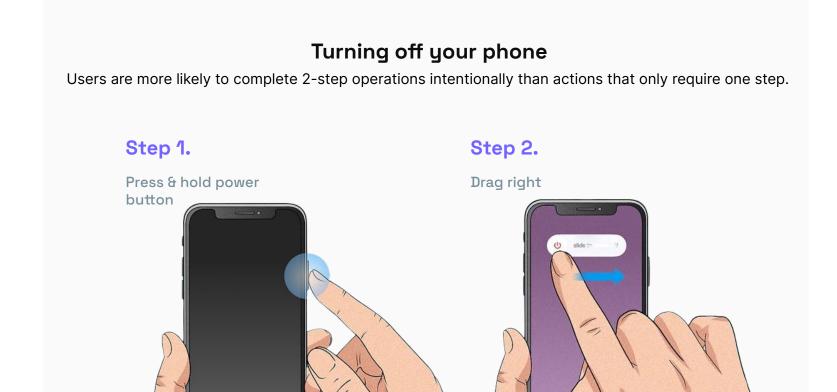


Φ Flexibility vs. usability

Example



2- step operations for critical actions



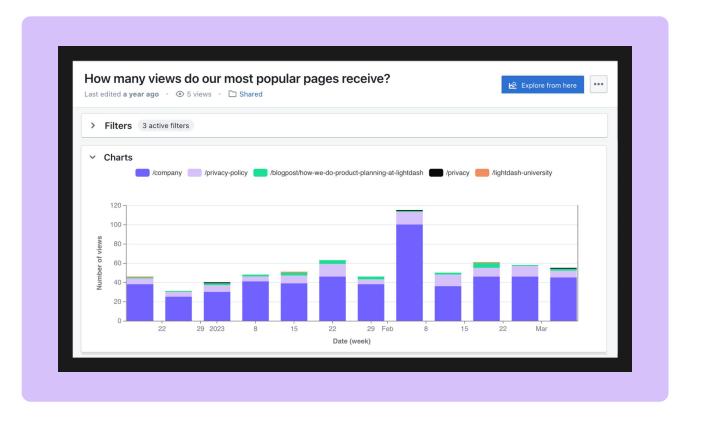
Prevent errors when you can, but make them easy to fix when they happen.

Key question: What's the worst thing that can happen here?

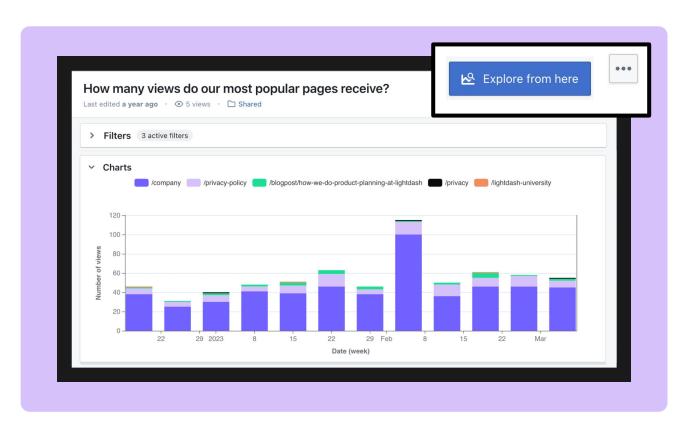
- Talk to both sets of users to understand the "scariest" consequences.
- Design to make this unlikely to happen.
 - Use established usability patterns (e.g. red button = bad)
 - Add previews of changes
 - Use confirmations and warnings



Example



Example

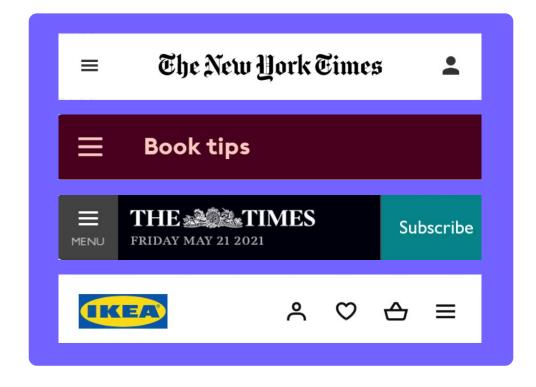


© Familiarity

Using familiar design patterns

Menu icons

How would you access the menus from these headers?

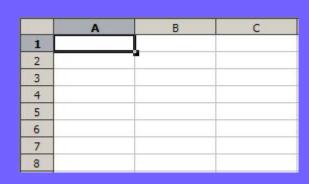


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Heading

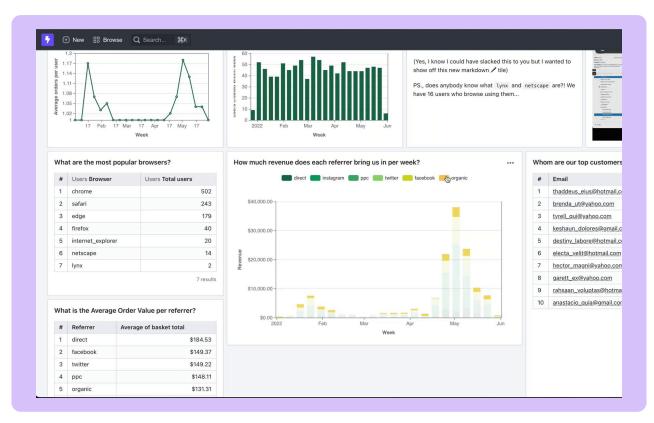
Key question: Is there a familiar experience for both personas that we can use here?

- Do competitor research to see if there are existing patterns.
- Use basic established usability patterns.
- Give users a prototype and use it to test familiarity:
 - Can they guess what it does?
 - Can they complete the task successfully?

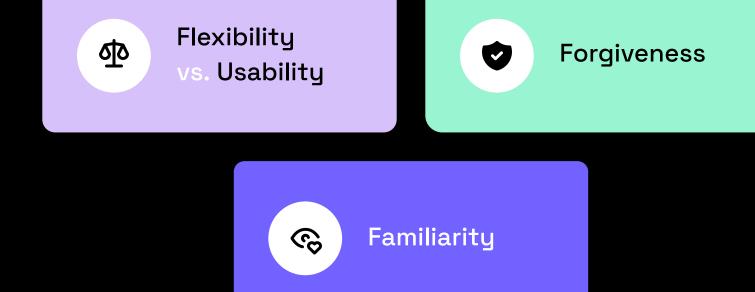


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Example



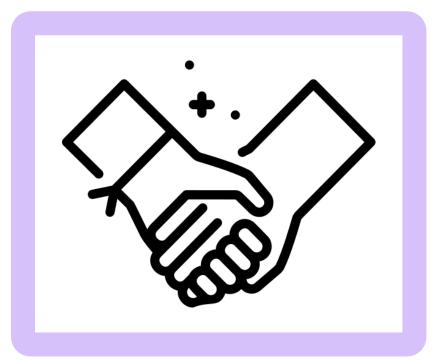
Okay, those are 3 useful design principles... ... Now what?



The increase in data literacy is going to be limited by data tools unless we make changes in how we build them.

We need to start building tools for a data literate future.

- Building tools for business users means thinking about their preferred UX:
 - Native integrations in Slack or Notion?
 - Using natural language for querying data?
- Helping them **use data in decision-making** means:
 - Increased and standardized context in data tools.
 - Better leveraging of metadata to help them feel confident in self-serve decision making.
- Otherwise, data tools will be the limiting factor in how much we can increase data literacy.



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How can we do this?

Build data tools with **both** data teams and business users in mind.

We can use design principles to help us, like:

- Flexibility vs. usability
- Forgiveness
- Familiarity

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Thank you! 7



Scan me!